Evaluation of the Rapid Quidel Sofia 2 Lyme Immunoassay as a First-Tier Test in a Two-Tier Testing Algorithm for Lyme Disease: Comparison to the Zeus ELISA Borrelia VIsE1/pepC10 lgG/lgM assay

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Background:

Two-tiered serologic testing for Lyme disease usually is formed using an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) as the first-tier test. The Quidel Sofia 2 Lyme test is a relatively new first-tier assay on the market using novel methodology: a lateral flow assay with immunoflourescence-based detection of reactivity, intended to provide more rapid turnaround time. Here, we evaluated its performance in comparison to a commercial ELISA method. The test is well suited for laboratories and outpatient settings that wish to perform rapid Lyme testing on demand as opposed to many Lyme assays that require batching in a central laboratory.

Methods:

We compared the Quidel Sofia 2 assay to the Zeus $VlsE1/pepC10\ lgG/lgM\ ELISA$ test, using each as a first-tier test and in a standard two-tiered testing algorithm with Western blot confirmation on 181 consecutive serum samples sent to our microbiology laboratory from patients with suspected Lyme disease.

Table 1: Comparison of the Sofia 2 to the Zeus ELISA Borrelia
VIsE1/pepC10 lgG/lgM test as a first tier Lyme test

e de la companya della companya della companya de la companya della companya dell	Ouidel Sofia	Lyme vs VLSE	To the same		
Sofia Lyme		VLSE Lyme			
	Positive	Negative	Total		
Positive	41	9	50		
Negative	11	120	131		
Total	52	129	181		
Sensitivity	[9	79% (41/52) 5% CI: 66% to 88%	6]		
Specificity	93% (120/129) [95% CI: 87% to 96%]				
PPV	82% (41/50) [95% CI: 69% to 90%]				
NPV	[9	92% (120/131) 5% CI: 86% to 95%]		
Accuracy	[9	89% (161/181) 5% CI: 84% to 93%]		

Results:

Comparison of the Sofia 2 as a first-tier test to the Zeus VIsE1/pepC10 IgG/IgM test showed an overall agreement of 89% with a Kappa statistic of 0.732 (95% confidence interval 0.622-0.842; "substantial" agreement based on published standards). When the individual first-tier tests were followed by Western blot confirmation in a standard two-tier testing algorithm the overall agreement was 98.9% with a Kappa statistic of 0.973 (95% confidence interval 0.913-1.000; "almost perfect" agreement).

Conclusions:

In conclusion the Quidel Sofia Lyme test performs well when compared to the Zeus VIsE1/pepC10 IgG/IgM test as a first-tier test in a standard two-tiered testing algorithm. Obtaining samples to validate Lyme tests can be challenging and for this reason our data should prove useful for medical facilities considering the use of the Quidel Sofia 2 assay.

Table 2: Comparison of the Sofia 2 to a standard two-tiered VIsE1/pepC10 IgG/IgM test followed by western blot

Quidel Sofia Lyme vs STTT				
Sofia Lyme	STIT			
经数据	Positive	Negative	Total	
Positive	50	0	50	
Negative	2	129	131	
Total	52	129	181	
Sensitivity	96% (50/52)			
	[95% CI: 87% to 99%]			
Specificity	100% (129/129)			
	[95% CI: 97% to 100%]		
PPV	100% (50/50)			
]	95% CI: 93% to 100%]		
NPV	98.5% (129/131)			
		95% CI: 95% to 100%]		
Accuracy		99% (179/181)		
Accuracy		95% CI: 96% to 100%]		